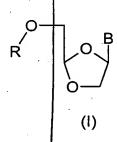
We claim

1. A method for treating a patient with leukemia in a host comprising:

administering to a patient having chronic myelogenous leukemia or acute myelogenous leukemia, a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the formula I:

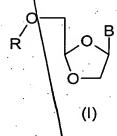


wherein B is cytosine or 5-fluorocytosine and R is selected from the group comprising H, monophosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, carbonyl substituted with a C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C $_{6-10}$ aryl, and

wherein each Rc is independently selected from the group comprising H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and an hydroxy protecting group; and wherein said compound is substantially in the form of the (-) enantiomer.

- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the step of administering comprises administering to a patient that has been previously treated with Ara-C.
- 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein R is H.
- 4. The method according to claim 2, wherein B is cytosine.

- 5. The method according to claim 2, wherein R is H and B is cytosine.
- 6. The method according to claim 4, wherein said compound of formula I is at least 95% free of the (+) form.
- 7. The method according to claim 4, wherein said compound of formula I is at least 97% free of the (+) form.
- 8. The method according to claim 4, wherein said compound of formula I is at least 99% free of the (+) form.
- 9. The method of claim wherein the leukemia is a chronic myelogenous leukemia.
- 10. The method of claim 2/ wherein the leukemia is an acute myelogenous leukemia.
- 11. A method for treating deukemia in a host comprising administering to the host having leukemia a therapeutically effective amount of at least one compound of general formula I

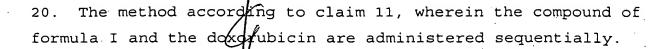


wherein B is cytosine or 5-fluorocytosine and R is selected from the group comprising H, monophosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate, carbonyl substituted with a C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{3-6} aryl, and

wherein each Rc is independently selected from the group comprising H, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl and an hydroxy protecting group, and wherein said compound is substantially in the form of the (-) enantiomer; and

administering doxarubicin to a patient.

- 13. The method according to claim 11, wherein the leukemia is chronic myelogenous leukemia.
- 14. The method according to claim 11, wherein the leukemia is acute myelogenous leukemia.
- 15. The method according to claim 11, further comprising the step of administering a multidrug resistance reversing agent or a biological response modifier.
- 16. The method according to claim 15, wherein the multidrug resistance agent is PSC 833.
- 17. The method according to claim 15, wherein the biological response modifiers are selected from the group consisting of monoclonal antibodies and cytokines.
- 18. The method according to claim 15, wherein the cytokines are selected from the group consisting of interferons, interleukins and colony-stimulating factors.
- 19. The method according to claim 15, wherein the biological response modifiers are selected from the group consisting of Rituxan, CMA-676, Interferon-alpha recombinant, Interleukin-2, Interleukin-3, Erythropoetin, Epoetin, G-CSF, GM-CSF, Filgrastim, Sargramostim and Thrombopoietin.



The method according to claim 11, wherein the compound of formula I and the dox prubicin are administered simultaneously.

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